



#### <u>Intent</u>

At Holly Lodge our high-quality music curriculum is fully inclusive and aims to engage, inspire and challenge pupils. We believe that music offers opportunities for the children to develop their individuality, creativity, self-esteem and confidence. They are able to explore, express and communicate their feelings whilst gaining knowledge and experiences of the wider world. As pupils progress they are supported to think critically to develop an understanding of how music reflects and shapes our history, and how it contributes to the culture, creativity and wealth of our nation.

#### Implementation

Our varied approaches to teaching, with the support of Charanga, equips all pupils with knowledge and appreciation of music. Children are taught to listen and appraise recorded and live music. They also compose and perform their own music using voice or instruments and also perform music composed by others.

Music is taught weekly, focusing on the knowledge, skills and vocabulary stated in the National Curriculum. Each topic starts with a key piece of music from the period, tradition or style to be studied. We ensure that music has the same importance given to it as the core subjects.

Through music assemblies, children experience and appraise both recorded and live music. Peripatetic and external groups are invited in to enhance the learning. It also serves as a taster of the instruments played and this has meant that each time there has been a demonstration, more children and families are requesting instrument lessons. Children learning instruments are also given opportunities to perform. We have peripatetic teachers for piano, guitar, ukulele and drums. The enhancements in assemblies are linked carefully to the statutory musical knowledge and vocabulary to be acquired and provide the opportunity for children to experience and understand music.

We have a Junior choir for children in years 3-6. There are opportunities to perform within school and out in the wider community. At Christmas, we perform at Cedar Lodge Care Home and take part in the National Sing Up event at Shawfield Primary. In addition, the choir performs at the Holly Lodge Christmas fair and at special assemblies throughout the year.

Holly Lodge Band is a club for children who are having instrument lessons with Mr Dancer. It is an opportunity to play and perform as an ensemble. There are concerts at the end of each term which gives the opportunity for all instrumentalists to perform to an audience of students and parents.

### <u>Impact</u>

We aim for pupils to leave Holly Lodge able to:

- Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
- Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music
- Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
- Use and understand staff and other musical notations
- Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
- Develop an understanding of the history of music





## Controlling Sounds Through Singing

Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Jse their voice n different vays such as speaking, singing and chanting. Perform simple phythms, poems, rhymes and songs by copying. Play a percussion nstrument in time.	Perform with an awareness of others. Take part in a group singing performance. Create patterns with their own voices (high, low to investigate pitch, quiet, loud for dynamics, long short for duration). Copy and create patterns with their own voices.	Sing songs in ensemble following the tune (melody) well. Perform songs to an audience.	Sing simple songs with others or individually, remembering the melody and keeping in time. Perform in tune and with expression.	Sing a range of songs in tune with expression as part of a group or individually. Listen to a second part and know that ostinato is a repeating pattern in singing. Perform with an awareness of tempo and dynamic. Evaluate their own singing and make improvements.	Sing a separate part in a group performance, keeping in time with the group, e.g. sing or play a part in a round. Perform with an awareness of tempo, dynamic and musical style. Evaluate different types of singing (gospel choir, rock band, solo voices) and give their preferences.	Sing an individual role in a group performance, from memory or by reading notation, singing solos accompaniments or directing the group. Perform own part in a round or other split part. Maintain a harmony (singing higher or low than the main melody in a song. Evaluate different types of singing from different cultures an heritages, and discuss their preferences.
<u>Key Vocab</u> beat, voice, hum, voice	<u>Key Vocab</u> beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns	<u>Key Vocab</u> beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns	<u>Key Vocab</u> beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns, expression, dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft	Key Vocab beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns, expression, dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft, crescendo, diminuendo, descant	<u>Key Vocab</u> beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns, expression, dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft, crescendo, diminuendo,	<u>Key Vocab</u> beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns expression, dynamics canons, ostinato, pitc volume, loud, soft, crescendo, diminuend

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b				descant, metre (beats in a bar), phrases	descant, metre (Beats in a bar), phrases





# Controlling Sounds Through Playing

Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Use a range of percussion instruments to accompany well-known rhymes with a steady pulse. Select their own instrument.	Make and control long and short sounds (duration). Investigate pitch by using chime bars, copying high and low notes.	Follow instructions on how and when to sing/play an instrument. Develop awareness of pitch by identifying higher and lower notes.	Play notes on instruments clearly and including steps/ leaps in pitch. Improvise (including call and response) within a group using 1 or 2 notes.	Perform with control and awareness of what others are playing. Improvise (including call and response) within a group using 3 or 4 notes.	Perform in solo and ensemble contexts using a variety of techniques, confidently, expressively and in tune. Lead a call and response pattern involving 3 notes.	Maintain own part in a round/ sing a harmony/ play accurately with awareness of what others are playing. Play more complex instrumental parts. Improvise using 5 notes of the
Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	<u>Key Vocab</u>	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	pentatonic scale. Review ukulele chords and learn to play a song as part of the WW2 topic. <u>Key Vocab</u>
beat, voice, hum, voice	beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns	beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns	beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, petterne, expression	beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns, expression,	beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns, expression,	beat, chant, melody, rhythm, voice, hum, whisper, whistle, clicking, steady, percussion, instruments, patterns, expression,
			patterns, expression, dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft	dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft, crescendo, diminuendo, descant	dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft, crescendo, diminuendo, descant, metre (beats in a bar), phrases	dynamics, canons, ostinato, pitch, volume, loud, soft, crescendo, diminuendo, descant, metre (beats in a bar), phrases





## Creating and Developing Musical Ideas (Composing)

Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Adapt well known	Create a sequence of	Carefully choose	Compose and perform	Compose and perform	Compose and perform	Compose and perform
action songs with own	long and short sounds	sounds to achieve an	melodies using two or	melodies using three	melodies using four or	melodies using five or
sounds eg 'Old	with help (duration).	effect (including use	three notes.	or four notes.	five notes.	more notes.
Macdonald had a farm'.		of ICT).				
	Clap longer rhythms		Use sound to create	Make creative use of	Use a variety of	Show confidence,
Suggest new	with help.	Order sounds to	abstract effects	the way sounds can be	different musical	thoughtfulness and
actions/sounds for a		create an effect	(including using ICT).	changed, organised	devices including	imagination in
well -known song or	Make different sounds	(structure-		and controlled	melody, rhythms and	selecting sounds and
rhyme.	(high and low- pitch;	beginnings/endings).	Create/ improvise	(including ICT).	chords.	structures to convey
	loud and quiet-		repeated patterns			an idea.
	dynamics; fast and	Create short musical	(ostinato) with a range	Create	Record own	
	slow-tempo; quality of	patterns.	of instruments.	accompaniments for	compositions.	Create music
	the sound- smooth,			tunes using drones or		reflecting given
	crisp, scratchy,	Create sequences of	Effectively choose,	melodic ostinato	Create own songs	intentions and record
	rattling, tinkling etc	long and short sounds-	order, combine and	(riffs).	(raps- structure).	using standard and
	timbre).	rhythmic patterns	control sounds			non-standard notation.
		(duration).	(texture/ structure).	Create (dotted)	Identify where to	
				rhythmic patterns	place emphasis and	Use ICT to organise
		Control playing		with awareness of	accents in a song to	musical ideas (where
		instruments so they		timbre and duration.	create effects	appropriate)
		sound as they should.			(duration).	Combine all musical dimensions
		Use pitch changes to				
		communicate an idea.				
		Start to compose with				
		two or three notes.				
Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab	Key Vocab
clap, pattern, rhythm,	clap, pattern, rhythm,	clap, pattern, rhythm,	clap, pattern, rhythm,	clap, pattern, rhythm,	clap, pattern, rhythm,	clap, pattern, rhythm,
	long/short, high/low,	long/short, high/low,	long/short, high/low,	long/short, high/low,	long/short, high/low,	long/short, high/low,
	loud/soft (quiet),	loud/soft (quiet),	loud/soft (quiet),	loud/soft (quiet),	loud/soft (quiet),	loud/soft (quiet),
	sound effects,	sound effects,	sound effects,	sound effects,	sound effects,	sound effects,
	symbols, score,	symbols, score,	symbols, score,	symbols, score,	symbols, score,	symbols, score,
			graphic, pitch,	graphic, pitch,	graphic, pitch,	graphic, pitch,

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	graphic, pitch, duration	graphic, pitch, duration, percussion	duration, tuned, un- tuned, percussion, treble clef, bass clef, time signature (beats in a bar), quaver, crotchet and minim. (See glossary for Italian vocabulary)	duration, tuned, un- tuned, percussion, treble clef, bass clef, time signature (beats in a bar), quaver, crotchet and minim, stave. (See glossary for Italian vocabulary)	duration, tuned, un- tuned, percussion, treble clef, bass clef, time signature (beats in a bar), quaver, crotchet and minim. (See glossary for Italian vocabulary), tempo, dynamics, stave, semiquaver, quaver, crotchet, minim and semibreve.	duration, tuned, with a percussion, treble clef, bass clef, time signature (beats in a bar), quaver, crotchet and minim. (See glossary for Italian vocabulary), tempo, dynamics, stave, semiquaver, quaver, crotchet, minim and semibreve.





	Responding and Reviewing (Appraising)							
Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Hear, listen and respond to the pulse in music. Identify when a pulse is faster or slower.	Hear, listen and respond to the pulse in music. Hear, listen and respond to different moods in music. Identify texture- one sound or several sounds? Choose sounds to represent different things (ideas, thoughts, feelings, moods etc.).	Identify the pulse in music. Recognise changes in timbre (sound quality- smooth, crisp, scratchy, rattling, tinkling etc.), dynamics (loud and quiet), tempo (fast and slow) and pitch (high and low). Start to recognise different instruments.	Internalise the pulse in music. Know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Start to use musical dimensions' vocabulary to describe music- duration, timbre, pitch, dynamics, tempo, texture, structure. Use these words to identify where music works well/ needs improving.	Know how pulse stays the same but rhythm changes in a piece of music. Listen to several layers of sound (texture) and talk about the effect on mood and feelings. Use more musical dimensions' vocabulary to describe music- duration, timbre, pitch, dynamics, tempo, texture, structure, rhythm, metre, riff, ostinato, melody, harmony. Identify orchestral family timbres. Identify cyclic patterns.	Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch fit together. Use a range of words to describe music (e.g. duration, timbre, pitch, dynamics, tempo, texture, structure, beat, rhythm, metre, silence, riff, ostinato, melody, harmony, chord, flat, sharp, dotted rhythm, staccato, legato, crescendo, diminuendo). Use these words to identify strengths and weaknesses in own and others' music.	Know how the dimensions of music (such as pulse, rhythm, texture, timber) are sprinkled through songs and pieces of music. Use musical vocabulary confidently to describe music. Work out how harmonies are used and how drones and melodic ostinato (riffs) are used to accompany singing. Use knowledge of how lyrics reflect cultural context and have social meaning to enhance own compositions. Refine and improve own/ others' work.		
<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross	<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross, composers, pitch, tempo, similarities, differences	<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross, composers, pitch, tempo, similarities, differences	<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross, composers, pitch, tempo, similarities, differences, orchestra, brass, percussion, woodwind, strings, conductor	<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross, composers, pitch, tempo, similarities, differences, orchestra, brass, percussion, woodwind, strings, conductor, impact,	<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross, composers, pitch, tempo, similarities, differences, orchestra, brass, percussion, woodwind, strings, conductor, impact,	<u>Key Vocab</u> sad, happy, cross, composers, pitch, tempo, similarities, differences, orchestra, brass, percussion, woodwind, strings, conductor, impact,		

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P		emotions, st expressive	tructure, emotions, structure, expressive, ensemble,	emotions, structure expressive, ensemble,
		- <b>F</b>	combinations, ostinato	combinations, ostinato





## Listening and Applying Knowledge and Understanding

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Rec	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Listen for different	Listen for different	Listen carefully and	Know number of beats	Combine sounds	Create music with an	Use increased aural
types of sounds.	types of sounds.	recall short rhythmic	in a minim, crotchet,	expressively (all	understanding of how	memory to recall
		and melodic patterns.	quaver and semibreve	dimensions).	lyrics, melody, rhythms	sounds accurately.
Know how sounds are	Know how sounds are		and recognise symbols		and accompaniments	
made and changed.	made and changed.	Use changes in	(duration).	Read notes and know	work together	Use knowledge of
		dynamics, timbre and		how many beats they	effectively	musical dimensions to
Make sounds with a	Make sounds with a	pitch to organise	Play with a sound-then	represent (minim,	(pitch/texture/	know how to best
slight difference, with	slight difference, with	music.	symbol approach.	crotchet, semibreve,	structure).	combine them.
help.	help.			quaver, dotted		
		Change sounds to suit	Use silence for effect	crotchet, rests).	Read/ work out the	Know and use standard
Use voice in different	Use voice in different	a situation.	and know symbol for a		musical stave (notes as	musical notation to
ways to create	ways to create		rest (duration).	Know that sense of	Year 4).	perform and record
different effects.	different effects.	Make own sounds and		occasion affects		own music (adding
		symbols to make and	Describe different	performance.	Perform songs in a way	dotted quavers).
		record music.	purposes of music in		that reflects the	
			history/ other	Describe different	meaning of the words,	Use different venues
		Start to look at basic	cultures.	purposes of music in	the venue and sense of	and occasions to vary
		formal notation- play		history/ other	occasion so that the	performances.
		by ear first.		cultures.	audience appreciates	(Combining all musical
					it.	dimensions).
		Know music can be				
		played or listened to			Describe different	Describe different
		for a variety of			purposes of music in	purposes of music in
		purposes (in history/			history/ other	history/ other
		different cultures).			cultures.	cultures
<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>	<u>Key Vocab</u>
sad, happy, cross	sad, happy, cross,	sad, happy, cross,	sad, happy, cross,	sad, happy, cross,	sad, happy, cross,	sad, happy, cross,
	composers, pitch,	composers, pitch,	composers, pitch,	composers, pitch,	composers, pitch,	composers, pitch,
	tempo, similarities,	tempo, similarities,	tempo, similarities,	tempo, similarities,	tempo, similarities,	tempo, similarities,
	differences	differences	differences,	differences,	differences,	differences,
			orchestra, brass,	orchestra, brass,	orchestra, brass,	orchestra, brass,
			percussion, woodwind,	percussion, woodwind,	percussion, woodwind,	percussion, woodwind,
			strings, conductor	strings, conductor,	strings, conductor,	strings, conductor,
					impact, emotions,	impact, emotions,

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P			impact, emotions, structure, expressive	structure, expressive, ensemble, combinations, ostinato	structure, expressive, ensemble, combinations, ostinato